

Flood Safety & Products

Flood Safety Rules

* Move to higher ground and stay away from low-lying areas such as streambeds, drainage ditches, and culverts.

Heavy rainfall or dam/levee failure may cause excessive water to run off rapidly, overflowing natural and man-made drainage systems with rushing flood waters. These flood waters may carry debris that can cause serious injury or even death.

* Stay out of flooded areas.

In flooded areas, water may still be rising and is usually swift. Children are especially vulnerable and should not be allowed to play or walk in flowing water. Only 6 inches of fast-moving water is necessary to sweep you off your feet.

* Never drive your vehicle into water of unknown depths or around barricades.

Many flood deaths occur when people drive their vehicles into flood waters. Flood waters may rise very quickly and could cover the vehicle or sweep it away. Just 2 feet of water can move most vehicles, including buses and trucks. If your vehicle stalls, abandon it and immediately seek higher ground.

* Be especially cautious at night when it is harder to recognize flood dangers.

Water is a very powerful force and should never be underestimated!



Types of Flood Watches and Warnings Issued by the National Weather Service



Watches

FLASH FLOOD WATCH - issued when conditions are favorable for flash flooding (sudden short-term flooding that lasts less than 6 hours). This includes floods from dam or levee failures.

FLOOD WATCH - issued when conditions are favorable for long-duraton flooding (longer than 6 hours). This includes river flooding.

Warnings

FLASH FLOOD WARNING - issued when flooding occurs or is imminent within 6 hours of the event.

FLOOD WARNING - issued when flooding occurs or is imminent and is expected to persist for more than 6 hours.

RIVER FLOOD WARNING - issued when a flood is occurring or expected to occur near streams, rivers, lakes, or reservoirs.